





HRL 2018 look & feel verification report for Imperviousness (2018) Norway

I. Administrative part

HRL	Imperviousness 2018
Verified area, region	Norway
Institution carrying out the work	NIBIO Survey and statistics
Overall visual checking done by	Karsten Dax, Senior Engineer
(name, position and e-mail)	Karsten.Dax@nibio.no
Look & feel verification done by	Karsten Dax, Senior Engineer
(name, position and e-mail)	Karsten.Dax@nibio.no
In situ data used	National ortophoto database Norge-i-bilder
	Ref: http://www.norgeibilder.no
	National spatial data infrastructure
	Ref: <u>http://kilden.nibio.no</u>
	Ortophoto, topographic and thematic maps available as
	wms services were integrated with the HRL data using qGIS
Reporting done by	Karsten Dax, Senior Engineer, Karsten.Dax@nibio.no
(name, position and e-mail)	Geir-H Strand, Director R&D, ghs@nibio.no
Date and place of writing the report	Ås 26.03.2021







II. General overview of the verified data



IMD2018 Norway. The delivery is organized as tiles partly extending into Sweden and Finland. The verification is limited to areas inside Norway.







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Class	Value	Наа	%
Non impervious area	0	32 179 200	99,37%
Imperviousness 1-29 %	1-29	50 700	0,16%
Imperviousness 30-100 %	30-199	151 000	0,47%
Total		32 380 900	100,00%
Impervious surface		201 700	0,63%

National and regional maps of recoded imperviousness closely resemble small-scale thematic maps of settlements and the main road infrastructure in Norway. The overall assessment is that this reclassified map of imperviousness is meaningful at small cartographic scales and show the areas expected to be included in the map when inspected at these scales.

The impervious area in Norway in 2018 according to official statistics (Statistics Norway Table 10781) was

Class	Наа	%
Area covered by buildings	54 866	0,17%
Area covered by roads	112 952	0,35%
Total	167 818	0,52%

III. **Overall visual checking**

Positional accurac	су (
Relative positional accuracy	Quick visual compari- son of HRL data with available EO imagery (identifying large posi- tional errors)	OK / correct,	The positional accuracy was checked by comparing the HRL and orthophoto for large roads and industrial areas with crisp outlines. Checks were carried out at several latitudes and the positional accu- racy is OK (also in the far northern part of the country)
Thematic accurac	у		
Classification cor- rectness	Simple look & feel the- matic check (identifying basic thematic mis- takes)	OK / correct, NOK / not correct	The overall impression is that the accuracy is high in densely built-up or developed areas, variable in dis- continuously built-up areas (single family housing) and low (due to omission errors) in rural areas.





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IV. Look & feel verification results

1.Included elements, possible OMISSIONS

Stratum	Name of the stratum	Number of samples verified	Results of the verification by strata (using qualita- tive evaluation as: Excellent, good, acceptable, in- sufficient, very poor).
4	Construction sites (checked for omissions and commis- sions)	10	Excellent. Verification was carried out on known construction sites along roads and railways as well as in some housing development areas. Paved parts (existing roads, buildings) were rendered as impervious, while the non-sealed parts of the con- struction sites (also alongside existing roads) were ren- dered correctly as "non-impervious".
8	Greenhouses	10	Insufficient. Half of the greenhouse sites checked were correctly classified as impervious, some were wrongly classified as non-impervious, and some were in between. It seems the detection rate is depending on whether the roof material is glass or plastic, and how much is being grown inside. We mainly checked sites with several greenhouses, not single houses.
9	Sports fields covered by arti- ficial material	12	Insufficient. Many sports fields are nowadays covered with artificial grass or green rubber granulate instead of sand or gravel. While any of these surface materials may be non-impervious, the underlying base may not.
10	Major cities	9	Excellent. "Downtown" area of major cities, including the five larg- est cities in Norway, was scanned. The city cores are correctly rendered as impervious. Occasional parks or open spaces are correctly rendered as "non-impervi- ous" gaps.
11	Highways	10	Excellent. The major highways are well represented and appear as strings of impervious pixels. Intersections and occa- sional pixels are also rendered as impervious along other highways. The result is as expected, keeping in mind that many Norwegian highways are narrow com- pared to the standard in other European countries.
12	Ports	14	Excellent. Most of almost all ports are correctly rendered as im- pervious, though smaller parts of the port may be miss- ing.
13	Airports	14	Excellent Runways and other concrete surfaces were repre- sented as impervious.
14	Industrial areas	14	Acceptable. Major industrial sites were correctly represented as im- pervious, but storage areas, piles of sawdust and clay







			and timber storage areas were also frequently mapped as impervious	
15	15 Commercial ar- 12		Excellent.	
	eas		Larger commercial areas, shopping malls, etc., (includ- ing paved parking lots) were correctly represented as impervious.	
20	Farmsteads	57	Insufficient	
			Farnsteads with large buildings are partly impervious. The results range across the entire scale from poor to excellent.	
Overall ev feel)	aluation (based or	look-and-	(excellent, good, acceptable, insufficient, very poor)	
			Excellent if attention is mainly on the most intensively used areas (urban, industrial, commercial, transport, quarries, mines)	
			Acceptable if all areas are considered	
			Detailed explanation:	
			Excellent for most intensively used areas (urban, in- dustrial, commercial, transport, quarries, mines) Inexact but acceptable for roads and single-family housing residential areas (which constitute large parts of the Norwegian settlements). Commission and omis- sion errors seem (look-and-feel) to cancel each other out.	
			Insufficient for farmsteads and camping sites with per- manent caravans. There are occasional commission errors in urban fringe and rural areas. Also green- houses and sports fields may be insufficiently correct supposedly depending on the material of the surface.	
Comments			Areas with single-family houses are shown as a speckle of impervious and non-impervious pixels, due to the frequent change between buildings and gardens, often with trees. We consider this to be fairly accurate in a "look-and-feel" sense, but statistical examination is needed in order to understand exactly how these areas are represented.	
			Farmsteads are randomly shown as impervious, alt- hough the barns and production building can be quite large.	
			This represents an underestimation of imperviousness in rural areas. Again, a statistical examination is needed in order to estimate the magnitude.	

2. Excluded elements, possible COMMISSIONS







Stratum	Name of the stratum	Number of samples verified	Results of the verification by strata (using qualita- tive evaluation as: Excellent, good, acceptable, in- sufficient, very poor).
1	Mineral extrac- tion sites (in- cluding quar- ries and open pit mines)	11	Excellent. Rarely misclassified (impervious) pixels inside extrac- tion sites, except one sand/gravel quarry that was en- tirely misclassified.
2	Dump sites	12	Good Dump sites outside mines and dump sites used for rock deposits from tunnel construction are mostly, but not always, correctly rendered as not impervious. Rock-fill dams used for hydro-power production consti- tute a special kind of "dump site" in Norway. These are sometimes incorrectly rendered as impervious.
3	Gravel and sand	15	Excellent. Gravel and sand areas are mainly rendered correctly as not impervious, though some beaches and extrac- tion sites were misclassified. The verification samples in this look-and-feel stratum include sand and gravel extraction sites, natural gravel areas and sand dunes.
4	Construction sites checked for omissions and commis- sions)	10	Excellent. Verification was carried out on known construction sites along roads and railways. Paved parts (existing roads, buildings) were rendered as impervious, while the non-sealed parts of the con- struction sites (also alongside existing roads) were ren- dered correctly as "non-impervious".
5	Bare rock	10	Excellent. We scanned large areas of bare rock in high mountains and on oceanic islands. Bare rock wrongly classified as impervious has not been observed.
6	Sparsely vege- tated areas	19	Excellent. We scanned large areas of sparsely vegetated heath in mountains and on oceanic islands. Sparsely vegetated area wrongly classified as impervious has not been ob- served.
7	Agriculture	25	Excellent. We scanned agricultural areas, in particular around built-up areas. Agricultural area wrongly classified as impervious has not been observed.
16	Sports areas (natural grass)	19	Insufficient (variable), Several sand or gravel covered sports fields were mapped as impervious.
17	Marinas	18	Insufficient. Large areas of marinas mapped as impervious, proba- bly because of the boats
18	Camping sites & Caravan parks	9	Good. Meadowed camping sites with seasonal tents, cara- vans and motorhomes are mainly rendered correctly as







			non-impervious. Service areas and access (gravel) roads may be rendered as impervious. Caravan parks and camping sites with cabins were aceptable, in the light of their inhomogeneous appearance. Sites with (semi-)permanent caravans with attached annex are scattered, depending on the density of cara- vans, their access roads and availability of green ar- eas. Service areas are more likely to be marked as im- pervious. Holiday cabin areas: Correctly shown as "non-impervious", but some dense areas may be ren- dered impervious though access roads are gravel. Railway lines are occasionally shown as impervious.
19	Various	12	Excellent. Downhill ski tracks: Correctly shown as non-impervi- ous.
Overall evaluation (based on look-and- feel)		look-and-	Excellent The result is "automatically" excellent since most (99%) of Norway is non-impervious natural areas (where no impervious pixels should occur) Good if more weight is given to details in the partly built-up areas. Inexact but acceptable for roads and single-family housing residential areas (which constitute large parts of the Norwegian settlements). Commission and omis- sion errors seem (look-and-feel) to cancel each other out.
Comment	S		Bare rock is never misclassified in the mountains, but occasionally in areas close to settlements.

V. Documentation of errors and critical findings

Please include detailed descriptions, meaningful examples and screenshots of errors, critical findings. Please make sure the nature, location and frequency of the issue is described in some detail. Screenshots should contain ETRS1989 LAEA coordinates.









Soccer fields and tennis court confirmed as artificial grass partly rendered as impervious [ETRS1989 LAEA: 43477200, 4190000]



Gravel extraction site. Part of this extraction site was wrongly mapped as impervious in 2015. The entire (and enlarged) site is correctly mapped as not impervious in 2018. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4404900, 4519325]











The quarry to the left is correctly not classified as impervious while the post-processing to the right is partially not correctly classified as imperivous. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4372900, 4097900]



Sand/gravel quarry mistakenly classified as impervious. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4397800, 4639300]











Gravel of a parking lot and the shore of a lake mistakenly classified as impervious. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4391483, 4063727]



Sand beach partially classified as impervious. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4070220, 3944800]











A horse racecourse. Not sure what it is covered with, but sand or fine gravel might be. Classification was a bit indecisive. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4066800, 4162200]



Hard surface road. Only parts are mapped as imperviousness > 0. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4303100, 3993700]









Highway and, farms and rural buildings. Most of the impervious areas are mapped with imperviousness = 0. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4357100, 4077300]



Highway. Only patches are mapped as imperviousness > 0. These patches are also mapped slightly off the actual road (geometrical inaccuracies). The pixel with the yellow dot at the centre of the image has imperviousness = 22 % (Class = 1) but is outside the road. It is still evaluated as "correct" since the distance to the road is short and there are pixels in the immediate vicinity where Class = 1 is a correct label









Railway line partially classified as impervious. Same situation as in IMD-2015, where the line also was represented as patches of impervious land. Notice that the road south of the railway line is a gravel road, and correctly mapped as not impervious. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4229600, 4165250]



A large rock and gravel deposit (from tunnel dug as part of a hydropower development in 1955) at [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4171900,] that was wrongly mapped as impervious in IMD-2015 is now corrected. The entire dumpsite is mapped as IMD=0 in 2018. Another rock deposit from the same hydropower development, but 1,5 km further east, is still mapped as impervious (aerial photo with and without IMD-layer superimposed) [ETRS1989 LAEA:4219550, 4171700]











Agricultural field planted with row culture and mapped as impervious. Could have been covered with plastic in the satellite image? [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4403850, 3990400]



Quarry wrongly mapped as impervious [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4404070, 3991940]











Buildings in an otherwise agricultural area, not classified as impervious. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4381275, 4071243]



Stables with paddocks. In 2015, the upper left stable and some of the paddocks were classified at impervious. These still classified as impervious in 2018, and the second stable (center of the image) is added to the impervious area. The large riding house at the bottom is not classified as impervious (and was not in 2015 either). It is present on aerial imagery from 2011 and was probably built in 2009 or 2010. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4388915, 4104625]









Prison. The representation of the impervious buildings surrounded by open green areas is quite accurate. Also notice the fairly accurate representation of the town houses in the neighbourhood on the left. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4384906, 4108267]



Highway and scattered settlements along Isfjorden. Only a few pixels are shown as partly impervious. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4201257, 4388284]











Farmstead with house, garage and a large barn mapped as impervious. Farm equipment parked around the barn may have been interpreted as additional imperviousness? [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4372652, 4069653]









Fun fact: leisure boats in a marina classified as impervious. While technically indeed manmade blocking rainwater from drainage, problably not the first thing that comes into your mind. [ETRS1989 LAEA: -4075869, 3991697]



Two Marinas in Narvik, four kilometers from each other. While in one boats were classified as non-impervious, in the other they were not. In both marinas boats are visible on 28.7.2018-Sentinel-2-scenes. Left: [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4625550, 5049688] – right: [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4628300, 5052470]











Marina and caravan park with paved access roads and few greens at a lake, both considered impervious. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4378390, 4171820]



Shadows may impact the quality of detecting highways or other impervious surfaces. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4340777, 4080251]











To the right, the middle part of a field suspected to be covered with plastic, and correctly not classified as imperveous as they are seasonal. Right: Sentinel-2, 8.7.2018; left: Ortophoto 29.5.2020 used for control. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4184130]











A greenhouse in southern Norway that has vaguely been detected as impervious. [ETRS1989 LAEA: 4066850, 3956400]







VI. Statistical verification (optional)

Description of mothodology and software	The HPL was classified into three classes		
Description of methodology and software	The HRL was classified into three classes.		
	Samples were obtained by stratified random sam-		
	pling using the reclassified HRL as strata. The		
	sampling sizes is found in the table below.		
	Each sample point was examined on topographic		
	maps and recent orthophoto using qGIS.		
	Accuracy was calculated following standard meth-		
	odology using SPSS		
Stratification	The HRL was classified into three classes		
	0: Not impervious		
	1: Imperviousness 1-29 %		
	2: Imperviousness 30-100 %		
Comments	The interpretation of ground truth was conserva-		
	tive. The HRL was accepted as correct when the		
	analyst was in doubt. Misclassification was only		
	recorded when the analyst was confident that an		
	error was present.		

Please copy here the (weighted) confusion matrix and main accuracy parameters and provide the corresponding Excel file in attachment.

IMD2018 V	erification strat	a sizes	
		Наа	%
	0	32 179 200	99,38
HRL	1	50 700	0,16
	2	151 000	0,47
	Total	32 380 900	100,00







IMD2018 Ve	rification raw	data confusio	n matrix					
			Groups	l +ruth				
			Ground truth					
		0	1	2	Total			
	0	1 049	3	0	1 052			
Црі	1	11	87	7	105			
TINE	2	11	6	87	104			
Total		1 071	96	94	1 261			
IMD2018 Ve	rification weig	hted confusio	n matrix					
			Ground	l truth				
		0	1	2	Total			
	0	0,990936	0,002834	0,000000	0,993770			
ЦОІ	1	0,000164	0,001298	0,000104	0,001566			
HKL	2	0,000493	0,000269	0,003900	0,004662			
	Total	0,991593	0,004401	0,004004	0,999998			

IMD2018 Ver	rification Over	all accuracy			
		Accuracy	95% CI	Lower	Upper
		99,6 %	0,3 %	99,3 %	99,9 %
IMD2018 Ver	rification User	's accuracy			
		Accuracy	95% CI	Lower	Upper
	0	99,7 %	0,3 %	99,3 %	99,9 %
HRL	1	82,9 %	7,2 %	75,7 %	91,1 %
	2	83.7 %	7,1 %	76.6 %	90,8 %
IMD2018 Ve	rification Prod	ucer's accurac	У		
		Accuracy	95% CI	Lower	Upper
	0	99,9 %	< 0,1 %	99,9 %	99,9 %
HRL	1	29,5 %	21,6 %	7,9 %	51,1 %
	2	97.3 %	1,8 %	95 <i>,</i> 5 %	99,1 %